

Writing in Sigma Notation and Finding Terms

$n$ th Partial Sum: the sum of the first  $n$  terms of a series.

1) Find the 4th partial sum of  $a_n = (-2)^n + 3$

$$1 + 7 + (-5) + 19 =$$

$$\boxed{22}$$

2) Find  $S_3$  of  $a_n = \frac{4}{10^n}$

$$0.4 + 0.04 + 0.004$$

$$= \boxed{0.444}$$

3) Write the series in sigma notation. The lower bound is given.

$$-2 - 1 + 0 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5; n=1 \quad d=1$$

$$\boxed{\sum_{n=1}^8 (n-3)}$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$a_n = -2 + (n-1)(1)$$

$$a_n = -2 + n - 1$$

$$a_n = n - 3$$

4) Write the arithmetic series in sigma notation. The lower bound is given.

$$a_1 \quad a_2 \quad -0.6$$

$$-\frac{14}{5} + \frac{13}{5} + \left(-\frac{12}{5}\right) + \left(-\frac{11}{5}\right) + \dots + \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right); n=2$$

$$d = -\frac{11}{5} - \left(-\frac{12}{5}\right) = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\boxed{\sum_{n=2}^{12} \left(\frac{1}{5}n - 3\right)}$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$a_n = -\frac{14}{5} + (n-1)\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$$

$$a_n = -\frac{14}{5} + \frac{1}{5}n - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{5}n - \frac{15}{5}$$

5) Write each geometric series in sigma notation.

$$a_1$$

$$0.2 - 1 + 5 - \dots - 625$$

$$r = 5 \div (-1) = -5$$

$$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$$

$$a_n = 0.2(-5)^{n-1}$$

$$\boxed{\sum_{n=1}^6 0.2(-5)^{n-1}}$$

p. 595: 29-35 odd, 58-62 ; p. 605: 63-68; p. 616: 97-100